సేశమవారం 23 అక్టోబర్ 2023

కాకతీయులకు సంబంధించి — అత్యంత ప్రాచీన ఆధారం?

మాంగల్లు శాసనం

నృత్య రత్నావళి అనే గంథాన్ని రచించినదెవరు?

జాయపసేనాని

హనుమకొండ శాసనం దేని గురించి తెలియజేస్తుంది?

2వ ప్రోలరాజు విజయాలను

కాకతీయుల కాలం నాటి విద్యామండపాల స్థితిగతుల గురించి తెలియజేస్తున్న శాసనం ?

మల్కాపురం శాసనం

# If you don't help me, I will be in real trouble

#### **Verbs confusions**

#### 16 అక్టోబర్ తరువాయి

Fill in the blanks with a primary auxiliary verb. Primary auxiliaries are words like is, am, are, was, were, do, does, did, has, have and had.

- 1. ..... you taken the tablet? (Have / Has / Do)
- 2. ..... you see him yesterday? (Do / Did / Have)
- 3. What ...... you doing in my room? (are / have / do)

- 6. What you do then? (did / had / have)
- 7. She ..... not have any siblings. (does / has / do)
- 8. Where ......she live? (does / do / has)
- 9. That ...... not work. (does / has / do)
- 10. She ..... not like him. (does / has / is)
- 11. We ...... students. (have / do / are)
- 13. ..... you got a problem? (Do / Have / Are)
- 14. What ...... his problem? (is / does / has)

#### Answers

- 1. Have you taken the tablet?
- 2. **Did** you see him yesterday?
- 3. What **are** you doing in my room?
- 4. Where **has** he gone?
- 5. What **does** he do?
- 6. What **did** you do then?
- 7. She **does** not have any siblings.
- 8. Where **does** she live?
- 9. That **does** not work.
- 10. She **does** not like him.
- 11. We are students.
- 11. We are students.
  12. **Do** you have a problem?
- 13. **Have** you got a problem?
- 14. What **is** his problem?

## Fill in the blanks using an appropriate question word.

- 1. .....long does it take to finish the job?
- 2. ..... will we solve this problem?
- 3. ..... did you do with the money?
- 6. ..... can solve this problem?
- 7. ..... can I buy cell phone batteries?
- 8. .... train should I take?
- 9. ..... time does the train arrive?



- 10. ..... bus goes to the city center?
- 11. ..... do they live?
  12. .... platform is
- the train for London?

  13. ..... time
- are we boarding the train?

  14. ..... much is a ticket to
  Birmingham?

#### Answers

- 1. **How** long does it take to finish the job?
- 2. **How** will we solve this problem?
- 3. **What** did you do with the money?
- 4. Where have you been all this while?
- 5. What did you do then?
- 6. **How** can we solve this problem?
- 7. Where can I buy cell phone batteries?
- 8. Which train should I take?
- 9. What time does the train arrive?
- 10. **Which** bus goes to the city center?
- 11. Where do they live?
- 12. **Which** platform is the train for London?
- 13. **What** time are we boarding the train?
- 14. **How** much is a ticket to Birmingham?

#### Using As

- The word as has several uses. It can be used as a conjunction. It can also be used as a preposition or an adverb.
- As a conjunction, as shows time or cause.
- As he was not ready, we went without him.
- As I was about to step out, the telephone rang.
- When **as** is used as a preposition, it is followed by a noun.
- She works as a typist.
- As can also be used as an adverb. In this case, it is followed by an adjective, an adverb or a quantifier like much or many.
- I earn **as much as** he does.

#### **Structures**

As...as

## The structure **as...as**... is used to say that two people or things are equal in some way.

- She is **as tall as** her brother.
- It was as good as I expected.
- I can run as fast as you.
- Note that in this structure the word following the first 'as' is usually an adjective or an adverb.

#### Just as

- The expression **just as** can mean 'equally'.
- You need regular exercise, but a healthy diet rich in fruits and vegetables is just as important.
   (= ... a healthy diet is equally important.)

#### The same as

Note this structure.

- His opinion was the same as mine. (= We both had the same opinion.)
- The expressions 'as I was saying', 'as you know' are common in spoken English. They are used to suggest that something is already known to the speaker or has already been talked about.
- As you know, the farming sector is in deep trouble.
- As I was saying, we expect to find newer opportunities this year.

#### As usual

• The trains were late, as usual.

#### If and Unless

### Complete the following sentences using if or unless.

- 1. ...... you don't help me, I will be in real trouble. (if / unless)
- 2. ..... you invite her, she will not come. (if / unless)
- there is an emergency, don't disturb me. (if / unless)
   you don't start
- now, you won't reach there in time. (if / unless)

  5. .....you don't work hard,
- you will not win. (if / unless)

  6. ....... I had known, I would
- have told you. (if / unless)

- 9. .....you stop eating fatty foods, you will not lose weight. (if / unless)
- 10. ...... she pays up, we are going to be in real trouble. (if / unless)

#### Answers

- 1. If you don't help me, I will be in real trouble.
- Unless you invite her, she will not come.
- 3. Unless there is an emergency, don't disturb me.
- reach there in time.
  5. If you don't work hard, you will

If you don't start now, you won't

- not win.
  6. If I had known, I would have
- 7. I will phone you, if I have time.
- 8. It would be nice if you helped me a bit with the housework
- 9. Unless you stop eating fatty foods, you will not lose weight.
- 10. Unless she pays up, we are going to be in real trouble.

# Underline the conjunctions in the following sentences and state whether they are coordinating

- or subordinating.
   You will succeed if you work hard.
- I don't know whether she will
- come.
- 3. Though she is poor, she is honest.4. He must be asleep for there is no
- light in his room.

  5. Because I liked him I tried to help him
- 6. I will call you when I arrive.
- 7. I waited for hours but she didn't come.
- 8. James is taller than Harry.
- 9. Give me something to eat, else I will die of hunger.
- 10. We can travel by land or water.
- 11. Either you are mistaken or I am.
- 12. The train had left before we reached the station.
- 13. I will go to Mexico after I have finished my work here.
- 14. She was so weak that she could
- 15. Unless you give me the money I will shoot you.

#### Answers

- 1. if subordinating
- 2. whether subordinating
- 3. though subordinating

but – coordinating

- 4. for coordinating
- 5. because subordinating6. when subordinating
  - 991



- 8. than subordinating
- 9. else coordinating
- 10. or coordinating
- 11. either...or coordinating
- 12. before subordinating 13. after subordinating
- 14. so...that subordinating 15. unless – subordinating

### Rewrite the following

- sentences using so...that.

  1. He is too proud to admit his fault.
- 2. This bag is too heavy for me to
- 3. This news is too good to be true.
- 4. He is too young to do things on his own.5. He is too naïve to be a successful
- business man.
  6. The case is too urgent
- to be postponed.He was too God-fearing to leave
- the fallen man to his fate.

  8. The teacher is too weak to
- control the class.
- 9. The tea is too hot for me to drink.
  10. It is too late for us to start now.

### Answers

- He is so proud that he will not admit his fault.
- 2. This bag is so heavy that I cannot lift it.
- 3. This news is so good that it cannot be true.
- things on his own.

  5. He is so naïve that he cannot be

He is so young that he cannot do

- a successful business man.

  6. The case is so urgent that it
- cannot be postponed.7. He was so God-fearing that he did not / could not leave the fallen man to his fate.
- 8. The teacher is so weak that he / she cannot control the class.
- 9. The tea is so hot that I cannot drink it.
- 10. It is so late that we cannot start now.

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