

That was really kind of (he/him/ his)

GEN CONFUSIONS..

continued from Oct 23rd

We make questions by putting the auxiliary verb before the subject. In the simple present and simple past, we make questions by putting do, does or did before the subject.

- You know him.
- She passed the test.
- They live in Mumbai.
- She works as a receptionist.
- It takes a lot of effort to learn a foreign language.
- He can solve any puzzle.
- She wants to go abroad.
- They arrived in the morning.
- She wants to be an architect.
- They were surprised to find him there.
- He returned to his motherland after completing his studies.
- The children delivered a splen - did performance.

Answers

- Do you know him?
- Did she pass the test?
- Do they live in Mumbai?
- Does she work as a receptionist?
- Does it take a lot of effort to learn a foreign language?
- Can he solve any puzzle?
- Does she want to go abroad?
- Did they arrive in the morning?
- Does she want to be an architect?
- Were they surprised to find him there?
- Did he return to his motherland after completing his studies?
- Did the children deliver a splen - did performance?

State whether the given sentence is a simple sentence, complex sentence and compound sentence.

- Then he did something strange.
- Have you done your homework?
- She asked me what I was doing there.
- I expect that she will be here soon.
- At last he has found a good job.
- If you are busy now I will come tomorrow.
- I feel sure that you are right.
- I felt that I was in a nice dream.
- He got up and walked away.
- I was eager to talk to her but she showed little interest.
- If you want to eat you have to work.
- He was sacked because he was always late for work.

Answers

- Then he did something strange. (Simple sentence)
- Have you done your homework?



- (Simple sentence)
- She asked me what I was doing there. (Complex sentence)
 - I expect that she will be here soon. (Complex sentence)
 - At last he has found a good job. (Simple sentence)
 - If you are busy now I will come tomorrow. (Complex sentence)
 - I feel sure that you are right. (Complex sentence)
 - I felt that I was in a nice dream. (Complex sentence)
 - He got up and walked away. (Compound sentence)
 - I was eager to talk to her but she showed little interest. (Compound sentence)
 - If you want to eat you have to work. (Complex sentence)
 - He was sacked because he was always late for work. (Complex sentence)

Fill in the blanks with an appropriate pronoun.

- I don't want to go with
- This must be
- Mother scolded
- Be nice to others and
- She killed
- Everyone praised the girl for ...
- That was really kind of
- He asked
- They have invited
- You have no right to criticize ...

Answers

- I don't want to go with **him**.
- This must be **his** hat.
- Mother scolded **me** for spilling milk on the carpet.
- Be nice to others and **they** will be nice to **you**.
- She killed **herself**.
- Everyone praised the girl for **her**



- honesty.
- That was really kind of **him**.
 - He asked **me** where I had been the other day.
 - They have invited **us** to **their** party.
 - You have no right to criticize **her**.

Adjectives are describing words. They tell us something about a noun.

- She was an intelligent girl.
- The sun is the brightest object in the sky.
- She looked beautiful in a purple dress.
- This is the sixth time you have asked the same question.
- There were many children in the park.
- They live in a big house.
- Don't ask stupid questions.
- She is a lovely girl.
- Solomon was the wisest man.
- She asked me a difficult question.
- That was a clever thing to do.
- You are my best friend.

Answers

- She was an **intelligent** girl.
- The sun is the **brightest** object in the sky.
- She looked **beautiful** in a **purple** dress.
- This is the **sixth** time you have asked the same question.
- There were **many** children in the park.
- They live in a **big** house.
- Don't ask **stupid** questions.
- She is a **lovely** girl.
- Solomon was the **wisest** man.
- She asked me a **difficult** question.
- That was a **clever** thing to do.
- You are my **best** friend.

In the simple present tense, we make negatives with do and does. In the simple past tense, we make negatives with did.

- I met them yesterday.
- She called me a liar.
- I waited for an hour.
- She recognized him immediately.
- The cat jumped out of the window.
- He quit school at twelve.
- She is looking for a job.
- I have watered the plants.
- She enjoys spending time with children.
- He feeds stray dogs and cats.
- He works hard to support his family.
- She earns a hefty salary.
- You are my boss.
- We went to their house yesterday.

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- We went to their house yesterday.

Answers

- I did not meet** them yesterday.
- She **did not call** me a liar.
- I did not wait** for an hour.
- She **did not recognize** him immediately.
- The cat **did not jump** out of the window.
- He did not quit** school at twelve.
- She **is not looking** for a job.
- I have not watered** the plants.
- She **does not enjoy** spending time with children.
- He **does not feed** stray dogs and cats.
- He **does not work** hard to support his family.
- She **does not earn** a hefty salary.
- You **are not** my boss.
- We **did not go** to their house yesterday.

Make sentences in the present continuous tense.

- I (work) on a new project at the moment.
- They (get) married in July.
- She (read) a book.
- I (cook) dinner.
- Mother (water) her plants.
- The birds (fly) in the sky.
- The children (play) in the park.
- Sam (do) his homework.
- Raju (wait) for his results.
- You (waste) my time.
- They (paint) the walls.

- Sophia (learn) the piano.

Answers

- I **am working** on a new project at the moment.
- They **are getting** married in July.
- She **is reading** a book.
- I am cooking** dinner.
- Mother **is watering** her plants.
- The birds **are flying** in the sky.
- The children **are playing** in the park.
- Sam **is doing** his homework.
- Raju **is waiting** for his results.
- You **are wasting** my time.
- They **are painting** the walls.
- Sophia **is learning** the piano.

Fill in the blanks with an appropriate pronoun.

- I have invited all of
- She is older than
- I earn as much as
- She works as hard as
- He was smarter than
- He is an old friend of
- That boy of has broken my window again. (your / yours / your's)
- I don't trust (he / him) or (she / her)
- My father said that he was disappointed with
- I waited for
- You don't look happy to see ...
- They have invited

Answers

- I have invited all of **them**.
- She is older than **me**.
- I earn as much as **him**.
- She works as hard as **he** does.
- He was smarter than **she** thought.
- He is an old friend of **mine**.
- That boy of **yours** has broken my window again.
- I don't trust **him** or **her**.
- My father said that he was disappointed with **me**.
- I waited for **him** but he didn't come.
- You don't look happy to see **her**.
- They have invited **us** to their party.

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